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Social and Behavioral Scientist Administrator
Office of Research on Women's Health

September 21, 2022



Facebook: /NIHORWH

Twitter: @NIH_ORWH

Today's agenda

- Introductions
- Webinar logistics
- Background
- Overview of funding opportunity
 - Purpose and scope of R25
 - Application information and key dates
- IC interests
- Scientific Review Process and Review Criteria
- Q&A session



Introductions of NIH staff

Office of Research on Women's Health (ORWH)	Elizabeth Barr
National Institute on Aging (<u>NIA</u>)	
National Institute of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases (NIAMS)	Xincheng (Ted) Zheng
National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA)	Sunila Nair
National Institute on Minority Health and Health Disparities (NIMHD)	Deborah Duran
National Library of Medicine (<u>NLM</u>)	Samantha Tempchin
National Institute of Dental and Craniofacial Research (NIDCR)	Anissa Brown
Office of Behavioral and Social Sciences Research (OBSSR)	
Office of AIDS Research (OAR)	Leslie Marshall
Sexual & Gender Minority Research Office (<u>SGMRO</u>)	Christopher Barnhart
Center for Scientific Review (<u>CSR</u>)	Elaine Sierra-Rivera



Webinar logistics

- Webinar attendees are muted and cannot unmute themselves.
- Submit questions using the chat box feature in Zoom
- During the upcoming Q&A session, priority will be given to questions that were submitted in advance.
- Registered participants will receive an email with a link to the webinar recording, slides, and frequently asked questions (FAQs) when they are available.
- All webinar materials will be posted on the ORWH website listed below:
 https://orwh.od.nih.gov/about/newsroom/events/orwh-gender-r25-technical-assistance-webinar



Background: 2019-2023 Trans-NIH Strategic Plan for Women's Health Research



Strategic Goals

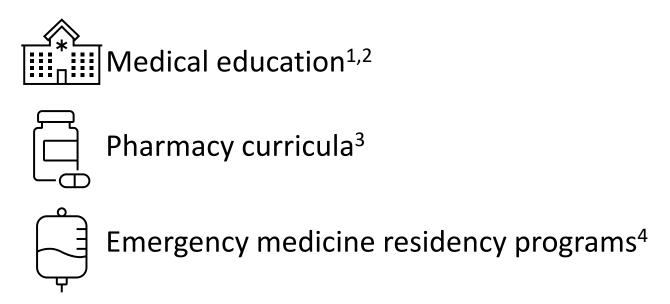
Advance rigorous research that is relevant to the health of women

Objective 4.1: knowledge of sex and gender influences should be integrated with the skills that nurture effective researchers...development and implementation of educational training programs will be needed to update the knowledge and skills of current biomedical researchers as well as those returning to or entering the workforce



Background: Gaps in Health-Related Training on Sex and Gender

Existing data on sex and gender-based medicine in medical schools' curricula suggests that concepts of sex and gender in health are underexplored across health-related fields, including but not limited to:





^{1.} Kling JM. Biol Sex Differ. 2016;7(Suppl 1):38. Epub 2016/10/30. doi: 10.1186/s13293-016-0097-3.

^{2.} Rydberg A. Biol Sex Differ. 2021;12(1):53. Epub 2021/10/11. doi: 10.1186/s13293-021-00397-w.

^{3.} Heraty E. 2019 Nov;11(11):1167-1171. doi: 10.1016/j.cptl.2019.07.008.

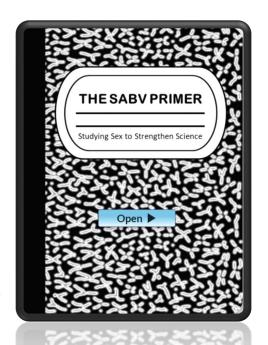
McGregor AJ. AEM Educ Train. 2019 Oct 6;4(Suppl 1):S82-S87. doi: 10.1002/aet2.10390.

Background: ORWH Interprofessional Education Program

Bench to Bedside: Integrating Sex and Gender to Improve Human Health



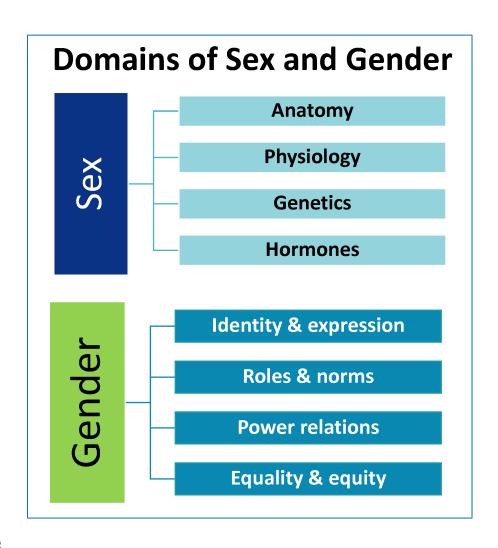








RFA-OD-22-015: <u>Galvanizing Health Equity through Novel and Diverse Educational Resources (GENDER) 25</u>



Purpose:

The overarching goal of this R25 program is to support **sex and/or gender-related** educational activities that complement and/or enhance the training of a diverse workforce to meet the nation's health research needs.

Educational activities:

- Courses for skills development
- Curriculum or methods development



GENDER R25: Target audience

Courses, curricula, and methods can target participants at any career stage, including but not limited to:

Students

- Undergraduate through postgraduate
- All disciplines

Community

- Advocates
- Health educators

Healthcare professionals

- Clinicians
- Nurses
- Midwives
- Pharmacists

Researchers

- All stages
- All disciplines



GENDER R25: Courses

- Develop, implement, evaluate, and disseminate education and training to advance health-related research on sex (as a biological variable); gender (as a social determinant of health); and/or the consideration of interactions between sex and gender
- Intersectional approaches strongly encouraged
- Applicants should consider course's relevance to sex and gender research broadly
- Length: flexible (1-16 weeks)
- Format: online; in-person; combination
- Plans to sustain the course beyond the immediate participants and the end of the project period should be clearly described



GENDER R25: Curriculum or Methods Development

- Curricula and methods should advance understanding of sex and/or gender influences on health
 - Example: intersectional methods and approaches for studying sex and/or gender



Key dates		dates	Letter of Intent	Application Due Date	Scientific Merit Review	Earliest Start Date
	d 1	Non-AIDS Applications	September 27, 2022	October 27, 2022	March 2023	July 2023
	Round 1	AIDS and AIDS- Related Applications	December 7, 2022	January 7, 2023		
	Round 2	Non-AIDS Applications	May 27, 2023	June 27, 2023	November 2023	April 2024
		AIDS and AIDS- Related Applications	August 7, 2023	September 7, 2023		



Potential topics: Multidimensional & intersectional approaches

- <u>Intersectional research methods</u> in health research
- Models of trauma-informed care (generally, or in specific settings)
- Culturally competent OB/GYN health models for transgender men and gender diverse individuals
- Gender- and gender-identity based violence (screening, interventions, prevention)
- Female-specific conditions (e.g., fibroids, cervical cancer, endometriosis, ovarian cancer, PCOS)
- Screening, diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of comorbidities in women
- Multimorbidity in women
- HIV and women, including HIV cure, prevention, and treatment
- Social, environmental, and/or structural factors affecting the health of women
- Multidimensional and intersectional research of sex and/or gender, geography and socioeconomic disparities in screening, prevention, diagnosis, interventions, management and comorbidities of COPD and cardiovascular disease
- Enhancing understanding and uptake of sex and/or gender-specific policies & guidelines
 (Inclusion across the lifespan policy, NIH Sex as a Biological Variable Policy, SAGER Guidelines)



Potential topics: Life course perspectives

- Women's health in the transition from adolescence to adulthood
- Women's health in midlife
- Aging, frailty, and menopause
- Gender and psychological health
- Cultural and ethical competency in clinical practice, education and research
- Sex and gender-based asthma incidence, diagnosis, intervention and management during transition from childhood to adulthood and menopause
- Sex and gender differences in detection, diagnosis, management, and treatment
 of Alzheimer's disease and Alzheimer's disease-related dementias (AD/ADRD), as
 well as outcomes related to AD/ADRD, including the incidence, prevalence, risk
 factors, health care utilization, caregiving for people living with AD/ADRD



Potential topics: Innovative methodologies

- Data science and informatics to advance the health of women
- Graphic medicine
- Methodologies for studying gender inequity in health-related research
- Transdisciplinary methodologies to advance the health of women
- Factoring sex and/or gender into research design
- Methods to evaluate structural sexism, gender norms, relational power dynamics, and gender inequities in health
- Novel methodologies for studying sex and/or gender differences in rare heart, lung and blood diseases and sleep disorders (e.g., pulmonary artery hypertension)
- Community-focused, culturally-responsive education programs focusing on sex and/or gender differences of heart, lung and blood diseases and sleep disorders
- Gender-transformative public health approaches



Potential topics: Advocacy & community-based education

- Community-based, culturally-responsive women's health education programs
- Curricula for community-based birth workers and/or full spectrum doulas
- Capacity-building for the next generation of women's health advocates
- Community-based participatory research
- Reporting and communicating sex- and/or gender-related science
- Community-focused training curricula on conditions with differential gender effects (e.g., HIV; substance use disorder)
- Community-engaged research



IC interests

National Institute of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases (NIAMS)

Mission: The mission of the NIAMS is to support research into the causes, treatment, and prevention of arthritis and musculoskeletal and skin diseases; the training of basic and clinical scientists to carry out this research; and the dissemination of information on research progress in these diseases.

IC Contact: Xincheng (Ted) Zheng, M.D., Ph.D.

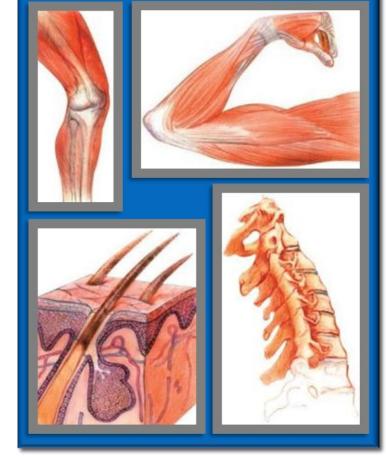
Program Director

Clinical Research and Diagnostic Tools for Osteoarthritis

NIAMS/NIH

Tel: 301-594-4953 (O) Fax: 301-451-5344

Email: xincheng.zheng@nih.gov







National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA)

Mission Statement

To advance science on the causes and consequences of drug use and addiction and to apply that knowledge to improve individual and public health.

NIDA addresses the most fundamental and essential questions about drug abuse — from detecting and responding to emerging drug abuse trends and understanding how drugs work in the brain and body, to developing and testing new approaches to treatment and prevention. NIDA also supports research training, career development, public education, public-private partnerships, and research dissemination efforts.

Contact: Sunila Nair Ph.D.

Tel: 301-827-6832

Email: Sunila.Nair@nih.gov



National Institute of Dental and Craniofacial Research Advancing the nation's oral health through research and innovation

Mission

To advance fundamental knowledge about dental, oral, and craniofacial (DOC) health and disease and translate these findings into prevention, early detection, and treatment strategies that improve overall health for all individuals and communities across the lifespan.



NIDCR Strategic Priorities

Strategic Priority #1:
Integrate Oral and General
Health

Advance discoveries across the translational research spectrum and drive innovations that improve the early diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of DOC diseases across the life span.

Strategic Priority #2:
Precision Dental Medicine

Develop more precise and individualized treatments for the management and prevention of DOC diseases.

Strategic Priority #3: Translate and Implement

Accelerate the translation of research and the implementation of new discoveries into oral and general healthcare practices that reduce health inequities and disparities and improve oral health outcomes for individuals and communities worldwide.

Strategic Priority #4:

Diverse Research Pipeline

Nurture future generations of DOC researchers and oral health professional scholars who can address public health needs within a continually evolving landscape of science and technology advances

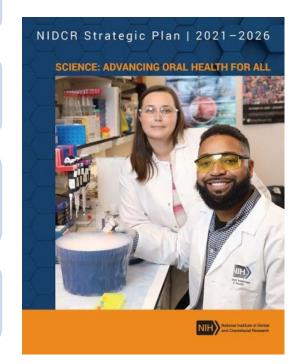
Strategic Priority #5:

Partner and Collaborate

Expand existing partnerships and create new ones to advance the NIDCR research enterprise and increase its reach and impact.

National Institute of Dental and Craniofacial Research Strategic Plan 2021 – 2026—Science:

Advancing Oral Health for All (nih.gov)









NIDCR Point of Contact:

Anissa J. Brown anissa.brown@nih.gov





NIH Office of AIDS Research (OAR)

Vision

To advance research to end the HIV pandemic and improve health outcomes for people with HIV

Mission

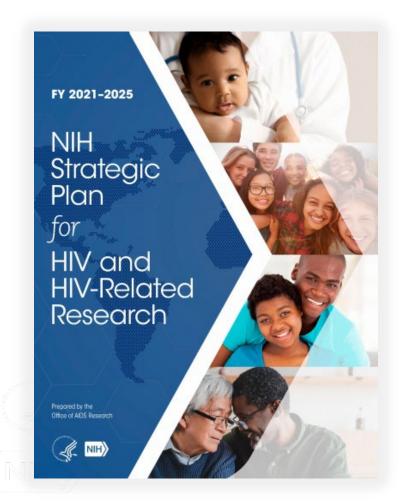
To ensure that NIH HIV/AIDS research funding is directed at the highest priority research areas and to facilitate maximal return on the investment







NIH Strategic Plan for HIV and HIV-Related Research FY 2021–2025





Advance rigorous and innovative research



Ensure flexibility and responsiveness



Promote dissemination & implementation of discoveries



Build human resource and infrastructure capacity



Stay Connected

NIH OAR Point of Contact:

Leslie J. Marshall leslie.marshall@nih.gov



oar.nih.gov





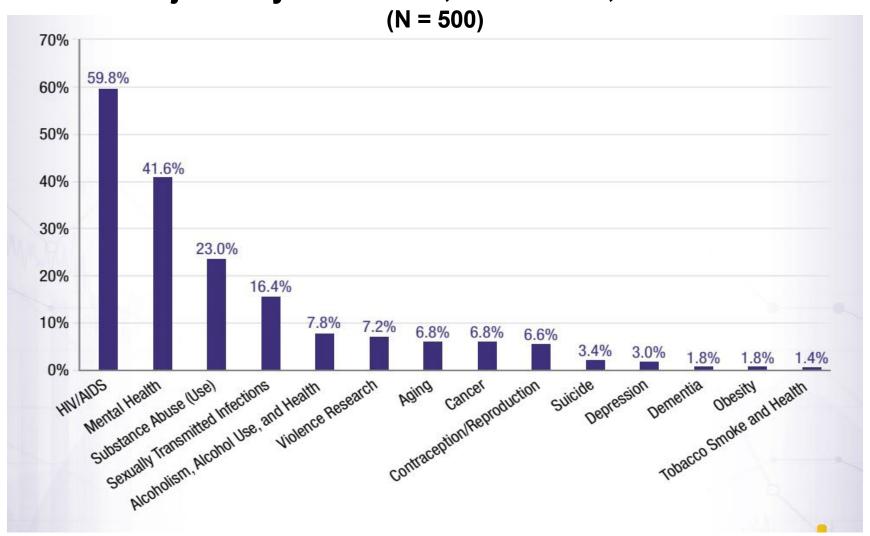
The Sexual & Gender Minority Research Office (SGMRO)

- MISSION: To advance the health and well-being of all members of the sexual and gender minority (SGM) community through research and related activities
- SGMRO executes this mission through:
 - Coordination
 - Collaboration
 - Representation
 - Convening workshops
 - Serving as a resource
 - Technical assistance
 - Leading implementation of the NIH SGM Research Strategic Plan
 - Reporting



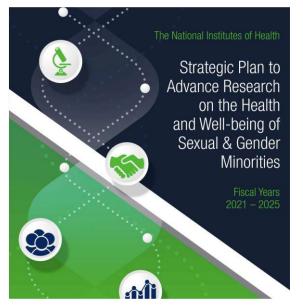
SGM Research Across the NIH in FY20

Proportion of Projects by Research, Condition, and Disease category











Connect with Us

Office E-mail: SGMRO@nih.gov



Christopher Barnhart, PhD Christopher.barnhart@nih.gov

Website:

https://dpcpsi.nih.gov/sgmro

Sign-up for NIH SGM Listserv: https://tinyurl.com/NIHSGMLIST



Peer Review of Your Upcoming Application

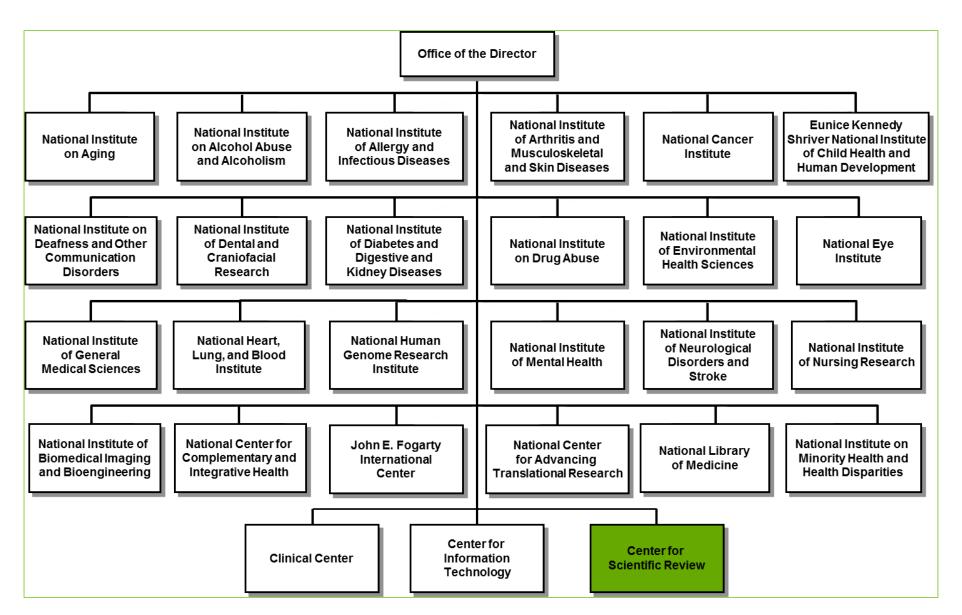
Elaine Sierra-Rivera, SRO and Chief

Endocrine and Metabolic Sciences Review Branch

RFA-OD-22-015 - Galvanizing Health Equity Through Novel and Diverse Educational Resources (GENDER) Research Education R25 (R25 Clinical Trial Not Allowed)

September 21, 2022

Your Application Could Be Funded by One of 24 NIH Institutes or Centers



Center for Scientific Review

- Serves as central receipt point for grant applications submitted to NIH and some other DHHS agencies
- Assigns applications to CSR review groups/study sections or Institute scientific review groups
- Assigns applications to NIH Institute(s)/Center(s) as potential funding component(s)
- Conducts initial scientific merit review of most research applications submitted to the NIH in about 240 Study Sections and regularly recurring Special Emphasis Panels



Overall Peer Review Process

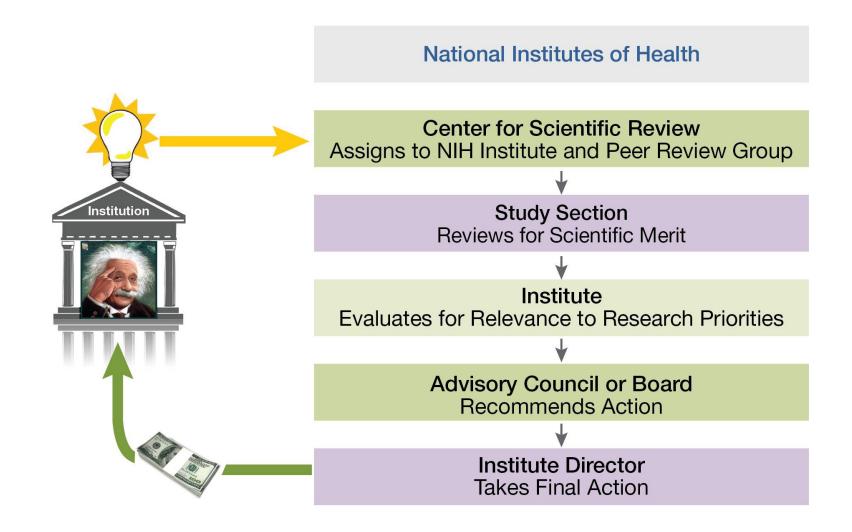


Preparing Your Application

Application Receipt and Assignment



Peer Review and Funding of NIH Grant Applications





How Did It Get so Late so Soon?

How did it get so late so soon? It's night before it's afternoon.

December is here before it's June. My goodness how the time has flewn.

How did it get so late so soon?

Dr. Seuss



Key Dates for RFA-OD-22-015

Letter of Intent Due Date(s)

30 days prior to the application due date

Application Due Date(s)

October 27, 2022 and June 27, 2023

AIDS Application Due Date(s)

January 7, 2023 and September 7, 2023

Scientific Merit Review

Spring (March/April) 2023 and Fall (October/November) 2023

Advisory Council Review

May 2023 and January 2024



A Window to Your Application: eRA Commons

eRA Commons is an online interface where a grant applicant can:

- Check submitted grant application for errors and warnings and view final image
- Track review assignment, view review outcomes (score, summary statements), find contact info
- Submit pre-award information (just in time)
- View Notice of Award and other key documents

https://commons.era.nih.gov/commons/
Remember
It is your career and your livelihood on the line
Do not make any assumptions!



How NOT to Submit a Late Application

Start Early!

Application must be accepted TWICE: Grants.gov and NIH

Check eRA Commons for your submitted application (e-mails are sent but can be caught in SPAM filters)

- High volume at deadlines slows processing/validation time
- On time application = submitted error-free by 5 PM local time on due date
- Errors cause rejection Warnings are error-free and accepted
- No error correction window that extends deadline



The Study Section for Review

Institute for Funding



NIH Peer Review System for Grant Applications



First Level of Review

Scientific Review Group (Study Section)

Second Level of Review

NIH Institute/Center Council



Assignment to Institutes

Applications are referred to an Institute or Center as the potential funding component.

- This assignment is based on a match between the research proposed and the overall mission of the Institute or Center.
- Dual assignments are made where applications are appropriate for more than one Institute or Center.

Strongly encourage you to talk with a Program
Officer to ensure the scope of the proposed project
meets the Institute's Mission before
preparation/submission

NIA; NIAMS; NIDA; NIMHD; NLM; NIDCR



Assignment to CSR Study Sections

Applications for the FOA will be assigned to:

Special Emphasis Panel (SEP)

Rationale:

- A subject matter that does not fit into any standing study section
- Specific Review Criteria
- No need to request assignment to specific study section



Before the Study Section Meeting

- Each application is assigned to 3 or more reviewers 5-6 weeks in advance
- Reviewers assess each application by providing:
 - A preliminary Overall Impact score
 - Criterion Scores for each of the 5 Core Review Criteria
 - A written critique



At the Meeting

Order of Review

Applications to be discussed are reviewed in random order.

Clustering of Review

- New Investigator R01 applications are clustered
- Established Investigators

Not Discussed Applications

- About half the applications will be discussed
- Applications unanimously judged by the review committee to be in the lower half are not discussed
- The panel will discuss any application a reviewer wants to discuss



At the Meeting: Application Discussion

- Any member in conflict with an application leaves the room
- Reviewer 1 introduces the application and presents critique
- Reviewers 2 and 3 highlight new issues and areas that significantly impact scores
- All members without a conflict are invited to join the discussion and then vote on the final overall impact score



Review Criteria

5 Scored Review Criteria

- Significance
- Investigator(s)
- Innovation
- Approach
- Environment

Overall Impact

Assessment of the likelihood for the project to exert a sustained, powerful influence on the research field(s) involved

Each scored from 1-9

Scored from 1-9

This FOA has Specific Review Criteria – Reviewers will be asked to evaluate the application based on those criteria



Scoring Overall Impact

Overall Impact	Scores	Examples
High	1 2 3	Applications address a problem of high importance/interest in the field. May have some or no technical weaknesses.
Medium	4 5 6	Applications may address a problem of high importance in the field, but weaknesses in the criteria bring down the overall impact to medium. Applications may address a problem of moderate importance in the field, with some or no technical weaknesses.
Low	7 8 9	Applications may address a problem of moderate/high importance in the field, but weaknesses in the criteria bring down the overall impact to low. Applications may address a problem of low or no importance in the field, with some or no technical weaknesses.

Your Summary Statement

- Scores for each review criterion
- Critiques from assigned reviewers
- Administrative notes if any



If your application is discussed, you also will receive:

- An overall impact/priority score
- A summary of review discussion
- Budget recommendations



When Preparing an Application

- Read instructions
- Clearly state rationale and design of proposed investigation
- Provide sufficient detail so reviewers will know what you mean
- Refer to pertinent literature
- Include well-designed tables and figures
- Present an organized, lucid write-up
- Obtain pre-review from faculty at your institution

Insider's Guide to Peer Review for Applicants:

http://www.csr.nih.gov/applicantresources/insider



Who Can Answer Your Questions?

Before You Submit Your Application

- A Program Officer at an NIH Institute or Center
- Scientific Review Officer

After You Submit

Your Scientific Review Officer

After Your Review

Your Assigned Program Officer

GrantsInfo: GrantsInfo@od.nih.gov - 301 945-7573



NIH Peer Review Information on the Web

National Institutes of Health: http://www.nih.gov

- Office of Extramural Research http://www.nih.gov/grants/oer.htm
- Grants Policy
 http://www.nih.gov/grants/policy/policy.htm
- Electronic Submission
 http://era.nih.gov/ElectronicReceipt

Center for Scientific Review: http://www.csr.nih.gov

- Resources for Applicants
 http://www.csr.nih.gov/ResourcesforApplicants
- CSR Study Section Descriptions http://public.csr.nih.gov/StudySections
- CSR Rosters and Meeting Dates

http://public.csr.nih.gov/RosterAndMeetings



Questions and Answers

Questions submitted in advance

- 1. Are efforts aimed at eliminating sex and gender disparities responsive to this FOA?
- 2. Are trainings on implementation science and community research related to sex or gender eligible for this FOA?
- 3. My understanding is that the PI is required to include dissemination plans in their applications. Will the dissemination plan be included as a scoring criteria in review?
- 4. I am a doctoral candidate and my advisor and faculty mentor will be the PI on this proposal. As a graduate student, can I be listed as a Co-I or Co-PD in this FOA, or are those positions limited to people who have already earned a PhD?
- 5. Is there a required or preferred sample size for this FOA?
- 6. Is it allowable for community/participant advisory board members to be compensated for their expertise during the development of a curriculum?
- 7. May more than one application for the GENDER R25 be submitted by an institution or PI?



Questions submitted in advance, continued

- 8. Is in-person format the only delivery method for the courses or is it preferred?
- 9. Since courses can be from 1-16 weeks, is it safe to assume that a 1-week course will include multiple lessons under a specific topic?
- 10. Could we combine one or more evaluation theories within the development of our courses?
- 11. I am interested in submitting a project on a specific topic (e.g., neurology, GI-related disorders) but the IC that generally supports that work is not participating in this FOA (e.g., NINDS, NIDDK). Should I still apply?



Thank you!

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www.nih.gov/women #ResearchForWomen

